





Fiberglass nets



Reinforcement for walls

- resistant to hydrometric variations
- stable at working temperatures
- excellent mechanical strength
- rot-proof

Reinforcement for floors and road surfaces

We build the future

by recovering the past



INTRODUCTION

Politex

A fiberglass net is the product obtained by interweaving a certain number of glass threads in such a way as to achieve a mesh of variable dimensions.

By its intrinsic nature, the net ensures a high level of resistance to temperature and hydrometric variations and to tensile stress.

Nets of the **Glass** PAR family may be used as reinforcement in several construction systems:

- Glass PAR Net for plasters, designed to withstand the basic attack of cement mortar;
- Glass PAR Floor for oversite concrete;

• **Glass** PAR **Road** for road surfaces, impregnated with bitumen and made adhesive on one side to ensure perfect integration in the various layers of the roadway.



Reinforcement for plasters

EXTERNAL WALL INSULATION

A healthy home starts with effective protection of the interior spaces.

A house that loses energy cannot guarantee the well-being of the people who live in it, and the building as a whole cannot be considered "**energy-efficient**".

The design of the thermal insulation of the outer cladding therefore plays an important role.

The most commonly used system for this purpose, in the case of new buildings, and above all in the renovation of old buildings, is the cladding system, which consists in applying insulation in external walls.

A well-implemented cladding system is effective because:

- it protects the walls from temperature changes;
- it eliminates "thermal bridges".

This is the only way to achieve energy-efficient buildings that conform to the latest energy saving regulations. When integrated within the cladding system and buried between the layer of plaster that protects the insulation and the finishing coat of the wall, **Glass** PAR **Net 165** makes the surface tough and resistant, limiting the stress created by sudden changes of temperature, shrinkage and expansion.

This prevents cracks and splits forming in the façade with a risk of damaging water infiltration.

LAYING INSTRUCTIONS

After laying the sheets of insulation, apply a first coat of smoothing plaster in which the alkaline-resistant **Glass PARNet 165** is then buried, with an overlap of at least 10 cm between adjacent sheets of nets. Then proceed to apply the finishing coat.

GlassPAR Net 165 for cladding systems conforms to the ETAG 004 guidelines.





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REINFORCEMENT OF PLASTERWORKS

Cracks and micro-fissures can form in inside and outside plaster of various grain sizes.

Glass PAR **Net 75** and **Glass** PAR **Net 110** are ideal reinforcements for keeping the surfaces intact. The loose mesh version is suitable for holding rough surfaces together, while the tight mesh version is designed for smooth surfaces and fine plaster.



External wall

- 1. Load-bearing wall
- 2. Smoothing layer
- 3. Glass PAR Net 110 10x10 mm
- 4. Plaster finish
- 5. Paint



Internal wall

- 1. First layer of plaster
- 2. GlassPARNet 75 5x5 mm
- 3. Second layer of plaster
- 4. Paint

DRY SYSTEMS

Glass PAR **Net 60 adhesive net tape** is specially designed for "dry" systems, used mainly for indoor applications. It is placed over the joints between plasterboard panels and serves to prevent unsightly cracks.

Inside plaster

- 1. Plasterboard panels
- 2. Glass PAR Net 60 adhesive







Glass PAR Net

TECHNICAL DATASHEET

			<u>Glass PAR</u> Net						
		75	110	165*	60 ADH.	U. o. M.			
	with resin	75	110	165	54				
Weight	only glass	61	85	135	44	g/m²			
	adhesive	-	-	-	8				
Mesh size		5x5	10×10	4x4	2,9x2,9	mm			
Composition	glass	82	82	82	68				
	resin	18	18	18	19				
	adhesive	-	-	-	13	%			
alkhali resistant resin	st-acr	30	30	30	-				
	acr	70	70	70	100				
Glass filaments	MD CD	7 17	20 50	14 30	3 6,5	dtex			
Tensile strength at break	MD CD	900 750	1050 1050	1950 1800	500 550	N/5cm			
Elongation at break	MD/CD	3,6	3,6	3,6	4	%			

*ETAG 004

SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS

	75	110	165	60 ADH.	U. o. M.
Width	100	100	110	5	cm
Length	50	50	50	90	m
Roll surface	50	50	55	4,5	m ²
	2100	1200	1650	n. a.	m ²
Quantity per pallet	54	30	30	864	n. of rolls
	n. a.	n. a.	n. a.	36	n. of boxes
Quantity per box	n. a.	n. a.	n. a.	24	n. of rolls



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Reinforcement for floors

Inside floors, though not subject to the deterioration caused by adverse weather conditions, may get cracked due to sagging of the structure of the building. The damage caused may be extremely serious, if the sagging takes place in the oversite concrete as it may become disrupted and lead to cracks in the finished flooring. The presence of technical systems below the oversite concrete may complicate the situation even further.

It is therefore extremely important to adopt stratigraphic solutions, as early as in the design phase, to increase the mechanical strength of the oversite concrete.

Glass PAR Floor is an alkaline-resistant fiberglass net, made of high-quality yarn, which optimizes load distribution, thus strengthening the oversite concrete and reducing shrinkage to a minimum.

The use of **Glass** PAR **Floor** is recommended in particular for radiating floors, traditional oversite concrete and in the presence of loose stone foundations.

The nature of the product makes it easier and quicker to lay compared to traditional oversite concrete nets.



Note:

Glass PAR **Floor** has to be laid before the layer of light-weight concrete (2 cm ca.) to ensure total adherence to the surface. The completing layer is then cast (3 cm min.).



Loose stone foundations

- 1. Floor
- 2. Oversite concrete
- 3. Glass PAR Floor
- 4. Loose stone foundation
- 5. Raft foundation
- 6. Ground





Glass PAR Floor

TECHNICAL DATASHEET

		Glass PAR Floor	
			U. o. M.
Weight		200	g/m²
Mesh size		40 × 40	mm
Composition		Glass net (84%), alkhali resistant resin (16%)	
Glass filaments	MD/CD	3400	dtex
Tensile strength at break	MD CD	2100 2200	N/5cm
Elongation at break	MD/CD	3,5	%

SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS

	<u>Glass PAR</u> Floor	
		U. o. M.
Width	100	cm
Length	50	m
Quantity non nallet	16	n. of rolls
Quanny per paner	800	m ²





The infrastructure in highly industrialized countries, must ensure a high performance in order to respond to the demanding needs of today's heavyduty transport and ever-increasing volumes of traffic.

In the design of roadways, it is therefore necessary to adopt advanced construction technologies, using technically valid materials capable of prolonging the life of the road surface at the lowest possible cost.

The deterioration of a road surface is principally attributable to the following factors:

- increase in traffic
- increase in loads per vehicle
- broadened tyres

which reduce the bearing capacity of the roadway, leading to cracks and ruts, even in the deeper layers. The use of road nets to reinforce road paving can prolong the average life of a road surface by up to 50%.

Freudenberg Politex offers **Glass** PAR **Road**, its new range of fiberglass nets impregnated with bitumen for reinforcing road surfaces.

Glass PARRoad integrates perfectly with the various components of the road surface due to the following characteristics:

• its versions, which vary in weight and mesh size, enable the right product to be chosen according to the type of road and performance required;

• the mesh covered with a bituminous mix provides a better compatibility with the asphalt, thus increasing the cohesion between the layers of conglomerate;

• the mesh made with adhesive on one side with acrylic bonding agent offers further adherence, in particular to the binder;

• its ease of application speeds up the laying procedure, thus reducing the impact of road works on traffic.

The technical characteristics that distinguish **Glass PARRoad** are its high tensile strength and modulus of elasticity with limited elongation. Its use within the road surface prevents cracks forming, reduces deformation and increases the bearing capacity of the bituminous conglomerate.



- 1. Top layer subject to wear (4 cm)
- 2. Glass PAR Road
- 3. Primer
- 4. Bituminous tout-venant (6 cm)
- 5. Base (compacted draining layer)
- 6. Drenotex geotextile
- 7. Sub-base



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Building (ReEvolution





Glass PAR Road

LAYING INSTRUCTIONS

To lay the net, proceed as follows:

- lay the net uniformly across the full width of the road, from one edge to the other to avoid breaks;
- level out the tout-venant uniformly to avoid warping of the net itself;
- lay the top layer (fine bitumen) to a thickness of about 4 cm.

The use of **Glass** PAR **Road** as an alternative to metal nets offers the following advantages:

- it does not interfere with or cause damage to the machine tools during road surface milling and renovating works;
- it does not create any safety problems to transiting vehicles if underlying material emerges on the road surface;
- it can easily be shaped during laying and adapted to movements of the base.

TECHNICAL DATASHEET

		175	310	395	520	1000	U. o. M.
Weight		180	310	400	525	1050	g/m²
Mesh size		25,4 × 25,4			12,5 x 12,5		mm
Composition		Bitumen coated glass scrim, with adhesive acrylic glue on the back					
Minimal melting tem	218					°C	
Tensile strength at break	MD CD	30 30	50 50	80 80	100 100	120 200	kN/m
Elongation at break	MD/CD	<4	<4	<4	<4	<5	%

SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS

		Glass PAR Road						
	175	310*	395	520*	1000	U. o. M.		
Width			150			cm		
Length	100	100	100	100	50	m		
	9 or 6	9 or 6	6 or 4	6 or 4	8 or 6	n. of rolls		
Quantity per paller	1350	or 900	900 or 600		600 or 450	m ²		

*Products always available in the warehouse

